1604. The 211 divorces were granted in 119 cases where the husband was petitioner for relief, and in 92 cases where the wife was petitioner.

1605. The following table gives the divorces by provinces and sex:—

Males.	Females.	Total.
$\frac{23}{7}$	14 7	37 14
35 31 21	36 27 8	71 58 <u>1</u> 29]
1		1 g 1 s
	23 7 35 31	23 14 7 7 35 36 31 27 21 8 1

Male petitioners predominated in Ontario, New Brunswick and British Columbia. Females are one more than males in Nova Scotia, and both sexes are on an equality in Quebec.

1606. By far the largest proportion of the divorces granted by the Dominion Parliament, and by the several provincial courts of divorce, were granted for adultery.

1607. Statement giving the number of divorces granted in each of the following countries:—

Countries.	Year.	Number of Divorces
Austria Bavaria	1889 1891	820 308
WurtemburgBelgium	$1892 \\ 1893$	153 497
dermany	1891	6,777
Greece	$\frac{1893}{1892}$	103
Norway	1893	354 82
Sweden	1892	316
Switzerland	1892 1893	881 236
Victoria	1891	99
New South Wales	1891	50
Queensland	1891	5
South Australia	1891	5
Western Australia.	1891 1891	4
New Zealand	1891	3 20
Australasia		186

In the United States the Commissioner of Labour published a report on marriage and divorce for the years 1867 to 1886. From this report it appears that 9,937 divorces were granted in the United States in 1867 and